

# **Common Report Engine** User Guide

Version 2022 02

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## List of Abbreviations

BF	Börse Frankfurt
BFZ	Börse Frankfurt Zertifikate
CRE	Common Report Engine
DBAG	Deutsche Börse AG
PuTTYgen	Putty Key Generator
REGEX	Regular Expression
RRH	Regulatory Reporting Hub
RSA	Rivest, Shamir and Adleman (public-key cryptosystem)
SFTP	SSH File Transfer Protocol
SSH	Secure Shell
WinSCP	Windows Secure Copy (a free and open-source SFTP and FTP client for Windows)

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## Change Log

• Chapter 4 enhancement: Please Note: The CRE will allow a maximum of 50 sessions per user. Therefore, make sure that unused sessions are closed, and the user is logged out.

## 1 General information

The Common Report Engine (CRE) allows a centralized provision of reports and non-transactional files from multiple exchange markets.

The service is provided as an SFTP server and allows participants to easily retrieve all of their reports and non-transactional files from a single source.

This service is independent from the existing trading and clearing infrastructure, and participants can choose their preferred hardware platform and operating system.

Communication with the CRE is based on OpenSSH. The OpenSSH server authenticates users using the standard methods supported by the SSH protocol (<u>http://www.OpenSSH.com</u>).

All examples provided in this document refer to either the OpenSSH distribution or the PuTTY installable package for Windows.

#### 1.1 Intended audience

This document is intended for system developers, system and security administrators maintaining their systems to interact with the CRE service offered by DBAG. It assumes that the reader is familiar with OpenSSH public/private key pair authentication methods (i.e. handling of public/private key pair) and the use of SFTP clients and/or scripts.

The purpose of this document is to provide an overview on how to obtain access to the CRE, how to deposit keys in the DBAG Member Section (User Administration) and how to manage the downloading of files and reports.

#### 1.2 SSH File Transfer Protocol

This document refers to "SFTP" in numerous instances. To avoid misunderstandings, "SFTP" stands for the SSH File Transfer Protocol as defined here: <u>https://www.sftp.net</u>

#### 1.3 SSH/SFTP tools

While access to SSH based services is part of most Unix based distributions, PuTTY is an open source software that is available for MS Windows. It can be used to easily establish SSH and SFTP sessions (<u>http://www.putty.org</u>).

### 2 Overview

#### 2.1 History

Deutsche Börse has provided a Common Report Engine (CRE), which was introduced as part of the Eurex Technology Roadmap in the second quarter of 2011 for Eurex, Xetra and CCP. In 2012, the CRE service was extended to DBAG Partner Exchanges such as the Malta Stock Exchange, the Bulgarian Stock Exchange and the European Energy Exchange. From 2018 to 2020, the Regulatory Hub, Eurex Repo and the Buy-In-Agent were added.

The CRE offers participants a way to retrieve all reports and files for all environments of the respective markets independent from the exchange trading and clearing infrastructure. The CRE is the sole source for all trading and clearing relevant reports and files for T7 cash and derivatives markets, Eurex Clearing's C7, EurexOTC Clear, Eurex Clearing Prisma, Regulatory Hub, Eurex Repo and Buy-In-Agent.

#### 2.2 Features and functionality

- 1. The Common Report Engine is the default provider for all Deutsche Börse T7 cash and derivatives markets, Eurex Clearing's C7, CCP, EurexOTC Clear, Eurex Clearing Prisma, Regulatory Reporting Hub, Buy-In Agent and "Regulatory Reporting Eurex and FWB (non-MIFIR reporting, short code and algoID upload)" reports and files. Participants can download the reports and files they are interested in.
- 2. An extended history of minimum 10 business days for all reports and files is kept on the CRE.
- 3. Participants may set up more than one connection to the CRE to access the CRE from different locations depending on their business requirements.
- 4. The reports can be downloaded manually or automated (by using a script).

#### 2.3 Security, Autorisation and Access

In general, the setup process for the participant involves the following three steps:

- 1. Generating an OpenSSH compliant public/private key pair with PuTTYgen or via the Member Section
- 2. Creating a CRE user and uploading the public key in the DBAG Member Section
- 3. Logging into the CRE and downloading reports via SFTP client

To provide a secure service, the OpenSSH authentication method is used. This method requires an OpenSSH compliant public/private key pair, which the participant has to generate. This process ensures that the participants authenticate themselves against the CRE. The public key has to be generated and uploaded to the DBAG Member Section, while the participant will keep the private key. By using a key-based authentication method, no login passwords have to be transferred over the Internet at any time.

Participants need to provide a public/private key pair to access their reports. It is recommended to limit access to the CRE using dedicated IP addresses. Security of data will be ensured by the usage of SSH2.

The illustration below provides an overview on how to access the CRE and how to set up the access process in order to download all necessary files.

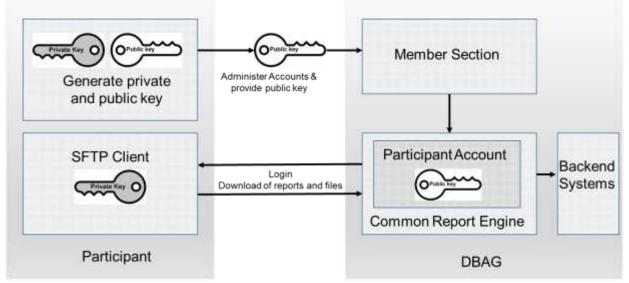


Fig. 1: Process overview to connect to the CRE

Note: The figure above is not a true representation of servers and networks involved, but rather provides a simplified functional overview.

The public key will be provided to the CRE via the Member Section.

The private key always remains in the hands of the CRE user. The CRE user will need the individual private key at any time a login to the CRE is committed.

It is recommended to create a public/private key pair for every user connecting to the CRE.

#### 2.4 Hardware requirements

There are no particular hardware requirements to access the CRE servers. The CRE servers can be accessed from any computer running the SFTP client program.

## 2.5 Software requirements

A SFTP client compliant with a current SSH2 version is required in order to connect to the CRE.

- OpenSSH provides a large suite of secure tunnelling capabilities, several authentication methods, and sophisticated configuration options.
- DBAG has disabled all known insecure Ciphers, Key Exchange Algorithms and MAC Algorithms for the SSH server.

Known secure parameters for each method are listed below:

Key Exchange Algorithms:

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- ✓ curve25519-sha256
- ✓ curve25519-sha256@libssh.org
- ✓ diffie-hellman-group18-sha512
- ✓ diffie-hellman-group14-sha256
- ✓ diffie-hellman-group16-sha512
- ✓ diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
- ✓ ecdh-sha2-nistp256
- ✓ ecdh-sha2-nistp384
- ✓ ecdh-sha2-nistp521

Ciphers (encryption Algorithms):

- ✓ chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
- ✓ aes256-gcm@openssh.com
- ✓ aes128-gcm@openssh.com
- ✓ aes256-ctr
- ✓ aes192-ctr
- ✓ aes128-ctr

#### MAC Algorithms:

- ✓ hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
- ✓ hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
- ✓ umac-128-etm@openssh.com
- ✓ hmac-sha2-512
- ✓ hmac-sha2-256

#### 3 Setup process

#### 3.1 How to generate and save SSH key pair

As mentioned in chapter 2, public/private keys are used for authentication by the CRE infrastructure. The participant must generate the pair of keys.

- It is required to use a minimum of 2048 bits for the generated key. The key type must be SSH2 RSA. Once the parameters above are set the key can be generated.
- The key generation process will produce public and private keys. See details about key handling and usage in sections below.
- Save the public key files and private key files for future use.
- In no case should the **private key** be transferred over an insecure network, e.g. via e-mail, and it should always be kept only by the participant.
- It is highly recommended to protect the key file with a passphrase. This will encrypt the private key when
  it is saved in a secure location on the local machine. Using passphrases for batch SSH-keys requires
  familiarity with the SSH-agent authentication subsystem. Participants should be aware that the use of
  strong encryption methods and encrypted SSH-keys is advisable but will raise administration efforts and
  system complexity.
- To generate an SSH public/private key various freeware tools are available for download from the Internet, such as PuTTY or OpenSSH. Otherwise you can use the embedded Keygenarator tool in the Member Section.

## 3.2 Example for key generation using PuTTYgen (MS Windows)

See the following example of key pair generation.

- Make sure to have the latest stable version of PuTTYgen.
- Set key parameters type and bit number as shown below.
- Follow the instructions on the screen and move the mouse over the blank area for a while.

PuTTY Key Generator	?	×		
ile Key Conversions Help				
Key Please generate some randomness	by moving the	mouse over the blank	area.	
Actions				
Actions Generate a public/private key pair			Generate	
			Generate Loed	
Generate a public/private key pair		Save public key		
Generate a public/private key pair Load an existing private key file		Save public key	Loed	1
Generate a public/private key pair Load an existing private key file Save the generated key	CECDSA		Loed	

Fig. 2: Generate key (screenshot of PuTTYgen)

- Please note: In some rare cases, one key bit is not recognised by the DBAG Member Section. Therefore, it is advisable to generate a key with a minimum of 2049 bit before uploading the public key into the DBAG member section.
- The private key must be accessible for the participant's SFTP client in order to login successfully. By clicking the buttons highlighted in Figure 3, participants can save their private and public keys in the PuTTY format for further use with the PuTTY tools or WinSCP.

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😴 PuTTY Key Generato	5r			?	×
ile Key Conversions H	elp				
Key					
Public key for pasting ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC +yQUxdam1vbyFrqeC nG7Xk8ryv9JWF3G+t +Lv94kZMZQSzBw69 +Bsk81sMit4JPWbvk	1yc2EAAAABJQAAA kxv9cbdRTR3TBixfT 5qdlrgiVe8ZOaxjl3Rwl RQyHj76X4g5+DeldF	QEBMgWl g2M6I1buv FE7K3xAb uFmrxowr	P1Hl6QyHfnZGQW /2YNyy/n5iLwPkv0j plbzz/PF ng3NUfBcHrTc1Zo	YdUY0sMYsErJiw •dTUUIUS	î
Key fingerprint:	ssh-rsa 2049 37:73	:f1:0b:b9:a	4:f5:1d:22:12:1a:4	2:28:6d:e8:83	
Key comment:	rsa-key-20210518				
Key passphrase:	1				
Confirm passphrase:					
Actions					
Generate a public/priv	ate key pair			Generate	
Load an existing privat	le key file			Load	
Save the generated ke	ey.	Sa	ave public key	Save private key	r -
Parameters					
Type of key to generat RSA	2012-0-0-0 american	CDSA	O Ed25519	O SSH-1 (RS	A)
Number of bits in a ge	nerated key:			2049	

Fig. 3: Saving the generated public and private keys in the PuTTY format (screenshot from tool PuTTYgen)

• The OpenSSH private key can also be exported in the OpenSSH format for use with other software working with OpenSSH keys (such as Unix SFTP).

Key C	onversions	Help				
еу	Import ke	y				
Public	Export Op	oenSSH key				
	Export OpenSSH key (force new file Export ssh.com key IkZMZQSzBw69RQyHj76X4g5+DeldFuFm 31sMit4JPWbvk7TO/1nW9tH9hu74ni57Ied			LwPkv0jYdUY0sMYsErJ		
Key fing	jerprint:	ssh-rsa 2	049 37:73:f1:0b	:b9:a4:f5:1d:22:12	:1a:42:28:6d:e8:83	
Key cor	nment:	rsa-key-2	20210518			
Key pas	ssphrase:					
Confirm	n passphrase:	5				
ctions						
Genera	te a public/pri	vate key pair	2		Generate	
	n existing priv	ate key file			Load	
	0.12	key		Save public key	Save private key	
Load ar	e generated l					
Load ar Save th						
Load ar Save th aramete	ers key to gener	ate: ) DSA	○ ECDS/	\ ⊂ Ed255	19 () SSH-1 (RS/	

Fig. 4: Saving the OpenSSH private key for future use (screenshot from tool PuTTYgen)

- The public key must be saved in OpenSSH format to be uploaded to DBAG Member Section.
- Copy the marked text from PuTTYgen to a text editor, such as notepad and save it with the extension .pub.
- Make sure that this line has no "End Of Line" character (EOL) at the end!

ssh-rsa AAAAB3Nza0 +yQUxdam1vbyFrqe0 nG7Xk8ryv9JWF3G+ +Lv94kZMZQSzBw69	into OpenSSH authorized_keys file: C1yc2EAAAABJQAAAQEBMgWP1Hl6QyHfnZGQWy4dY kxv9cbdRTR3TBixfTg2M611buv2YNyy/n5iLwPkv0jYdUY0sMYsErJiw 6qdlrgiVe8ZOaxjl3RwFE7K3XAbplbzz/PF IRQyHj76X4g5+DeldFuFmrxownq3NUfBcHTc1Zo+dTUUIUS 7TO/1nW9tH9hu74ni57ledLDmMmzuJlyMLHNKen4W3HDyppD2yHit	-
Key fingerprint:	ssh-rsa 2049 37:73:11:0b:b9:a4:15:1d:22:12:1a:42:28:6d:e8:83	~
Key comment:	rsa-key-20210518	
Key passphrase:		
Confirm passphrase:		
*new 1 - Notepad+	+ – –	
Edit Search View	Encoding Language Settings Tools Macro Run Plugins Windo	w

Fig. 5: Saving the public key for DBAG Member Section upload (screenshot from tool PuTTYgen and Notepad++)

- Public keys must consist of one line only. Only public OpenSSH keys in this format can be used with the CRE and can be successfully uploaded in the DBAG Member Section.
- After uploading, the participant must wait for the configuration data (users, keys, markets, etc.) to be transferred to the CRE database. Usually this processing takes place in the late evenings.
- In general, access to the CRE will be possible after two business days. (After the first business day you have access and see empty folders, after the second business day upload of reports and files is possible.)
- Changes to existing users will take effect on the next day.

Please note that the public key does NOT have to be signed by a certification authority of the participant for the use with the CRE.

#### 3.3 Example for key generation via Member Section

Step 1: Navigate to Technical Connection/Requests & Configuration/Self Service Certificates/Report Engine User

#### Step 2: Click "Create User"

Shall?	sturken some		
= 0		9. m 🕸 🗇	l
Wa Netheral Correction			l
1 Mensionale	- Report Engine User		
	(P. Constant)	Create Law	
	CTD_2_Level Suggest		

#### Step 3: Click "+" to "add certificate"

Certificates			+ 🖻
Status	Valid From	Valid To	Comment
		No data	

#### Step 3: Click "Generate Certificate" to start the application

		Add Certificate
Upload Certificate G	enerate Certificate	
	Certificate Data:	
	Valid From:	
	Always valid:	
	Valid To:	
	Comment:	
		Add Can

Step 4: Click "Generate" for a new keypair

Keylength:	2048	~
Passphrase:		
Comment:		
	Generate	

#### Step 5: Save your public and private key

	Generate Keypair
Keylength:	2048 🗸
Passphrase:	
Comment:	
	Generate
> Private Key	a 🖬
> Public Key	a 🗔

#### 3.4 CRE user administration

Before the CRE can be accessed, a CRE user account has to be set up and the OpenSSH public key has to be uploaded in the DBAG member section This task can be performed by the "Technical User Administrator".

"DBAG Member Section" https://membersection.deutsche-boerse.com:

Technical Connection → Requests & Configuration → Self Service Certificates → Report Engine User

Administration rights to become a "Technical User Administrator" may be requested using the DBAG member section.

An overview of all existing and already created CRE users will be displayed. It is possible to edit, modify or delete existing CRE users by simply selecting them from the list.

All CRE users can be identified by their UserID, which is generated during the account setup process. A UserID looks like this example: 1027709\_000001

- The first part, 1027709 is the so-called DBAG business partner ID which is used in the DBAG Member Section for identification of a customer of Deutsche Börse AG. A business partner may have different memberships on Eurex and Xetra; each membership is represented by a Member ID.
- The second part, 0000001 is a sequential number, automatically assigned by the system.

In addition, new CRE users can be created in the DBAG Member Section:

Tectinizal Correction     Resources     Resources     Seatth        Seatth	ARVINCHE BORNE					Engged In an	Deigecter Sch	rie WGD
Report Engine User     Search     Search     Create User     Use 10.     Score User     Description        Engine Configuration        Tot data        Network Data	≡ ⇔						Q DE	<b>*</b> (
Seach Creee User     Seach Creee User     Description        Engine Configuration        Network Data	🎭 Technikal Convection	Depart Engine Uner	Create Liner					
Servin       Create User       Iscorros         Iscorros       Description       +         Engine Configuration       +         Member (0)       Environment       Market         Network Data       +         Person       +	Recurse	Histori Engine User	Cheate User					
Engine Configuration +			User 10					
Engine Configuration +  Ingine Configuration +  Market  File data  Network Data  File da		Search Q D Orease Liter	1027799_000061					
Engine Configuration +  Ingine Configuration +  Market  File data  Network Data  File da			Description					
Network Data								
Network Data								
Network Data			Engine Configuration				+	
Network Data +				Environment		Market		1.1
(P. Address)		× ×			No data			
(P. Address)								
			Network Data				+	8
Pós státa			IP Address					
					(%),tM44			
22 Min 249 Min 2								
Certificates		- 1	Certificates				+	8
Company Contacts Status Void From Void To Comment			Status	Valid Floor	Wild Te	Contract		
CEAS Contacts No tists	A sea 1 st war at she was a	- 1			No steta			
Our dups     See     See		- 1					Sec	Cator

The new input screen will be opened by clicking on "Create User" where all necessary user information needs to be entered.

Fig. 6: Input screen in the DBAG Member Section to create a new CRE user

1. Report User Information (Optional):

In the field "Description" a short description of the user should be given. Please note that the description is not the UserID. Any description of the user may be entered here. The UserID field itself will be filled by the system automatically

2. Engine Configuration:

"Engine configuration" needs to be clicked to enter the "MemberID", a "Market" and an "Environment". A selection of all applicable combinations for this specific user will be displayed from which he can choose.

Please note that one user can have access for multiple combinations of member IDs, markets and environments, but not more than 13 entries. For all market directories supported by the CRE (underlying markets), also the relevant associated markets are now available for selection as a mandatory element during the setup.

Examples of combinations for underlying markets:

Market	Underlying Market
EEX	EUREX
Eurex Repo	EUREX
Malta Stock Exchange	XETRA

For a complete overview refer to Appendix C.

3. Network Data (Optional):

Access for a user can be restricted to a single IP address. An additional IP address will be added by clicking on "Add Row". This is optional, but highly recommended by DBAG. Select an IP address and click on "Remove Row" to remove it.

The address pattern entered here will be included in the configuration file for this user account. A wildcard (\*) can be used in the pattern to represent zero or more characters. In order to combine multiple patterns, a pattern list can be used; each pattern must be on a new line. To prevent mistakes a logical check of the IP address is provided.

4. Certificate:

The certificate refers to the public key created as described in chapter 3.1. The certificate/public key is only used to authenticate a user/role. The user/role permissions (i.e. access to member/market/etc.) are assigned at a later stage in the setup process (please refer to step 2 in this chapter).

It is recommended to create a private/public key pair for every CRE user that may connect to the CRE. A public key needs to be uploaded by clicking on "Upload Certificate". Next a popup window will appear where the OpenSSH public key has to be uploaded. Browse to the location of the key and click "Add":

Upload Certificate Generate Certificate		
Certificate Data:	ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQA MgQImfAbsJv05Z2fCWG0kbmF OegjW10UyzptkYShctz581mij9 pbkcPTFgGogGykuUVDyE2/fd9	z0i+7vg9p+aAYSQ91pHgql s8h+I909103PDQ8X5Z08+
Valid From:	27.07.2021	
Always valid:		
Comment:		

Fig. 7: Popup screen to upload the public key

The private key file must be accessible for the participant's SFTP client, but should never be sent to DBAG.

#### Key expiration:

CRE users will be notified by email in due time about upcoming expiration. Latest one day before a certificate/public key will expire, the existing key needs to be prolonged (upload the existing key once more and define a new expiration date) or a new private/public key pair must be generated and the newly generated public key needs to be uploaded.

5. The final step is to save the changes: Click on "Save" to automatically create the UserID

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				from .			
		Cartholes				1+1 1	
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		1	20040-04121	11/12/19/0			
Company Linksis							
P (tot home							
E Caincile						Sec. Save	

Fig.8: Exemplary CRE user information after the successful creation of a CRE user

The generated UserID is displayed in the Report Engine User Overview table, as well as in the field UserID when selecting a user in the table on the main screen.

All Central Coordinators and their deputies are informed via e-mail whenever a new CRE user has been successfully setup, modified or deleted.

Due to technical restrictions and introduction of public area, please do not add more than 13 environments per UserID!

When initially creating a CRE user, the information will be available after two business days. All subsequent changes to a CRE user become active after the next business day.

## 4 Connecting to the CRE

Participants may use an SFTP client of their choice to access the CRE server and download their reports. The CRE does not offer any interactive SSH sessions nor any kind of browser access. The following information is required to log into the CRE:

- UserID which has been generated by successfully setting up a new user in the DBAG member section
- The IP address (host name) of DBAG/CRE
- The private ssh key fitting to the public key uploaded in the DBAG member section

**Please Note:** The CRE will allow a maximum of 50 sessions per user. Therefore, make sure that unused sessions are closed, and the user is logged out.

The CRE is divided into areas.

Area A gives access to reports of the following markets and services:

- T7 cash markets including Xetra (XETR + XFRA) and partner exchanges
- T7 derivatives markets including Eurex trading, T7/FX and EEX
- Eurex Clearing's C7
- Eurex Clearing's PRISMA
- EurexOTC Clear
- CCP (C7SCS)

Area B gives access to reports of the following markets and services:

- Regulatory Hub
- Eurex Repo
- Buy-In Agent
- Regulatory Reporting Eurex and FWB (non-MIFIR reporting, short code and algoID upload)

The IP's used for access to the CRE are shown in the table below.

	CRE infrastructure IP adresses					
	Lease	ed line	Internet	F	Port	
	А	В		Public	Private	
Area A	193.29.90.67	193.29.90.99	193.29.90.132	2221	2222	
Area B				2231	2232	

In the Appendix of this document, you can find the server host keys for the CRE.

If you are using a client to connect to the CRE, the client will ask you once to accept the DBAG CRE Server Host Key, the Server Host Key will be remembered for future logins by the client. If you use a customized Deutsche Börse AG Common Report Engine User Guide Version 2022.02 08.02.2022 Page 22

script to access the CRE, the Server Host Key has to be integrated where appropriate. The DBAG Server Host Key for the CRE can be found in the Appendix of this document.

Connectivity to the CRE can be tested via Telnet.

• Test the connection using Telnet



Fig. 9: Test of CRE using telnet

#### 4.1 MS Windows example using WinSCP

WinSCP is an open source free SFTP client, SCP client, FTPS client and FTP client for MS Windows. Its main function is file transfer between a local and a remote computer. Beyond this, WinSCP offers scripting and basic file manager functionality. Source: http://winscp.net/eng/index.php

New Ste	-	Session		
		Elle protocol:		
		SFTP	>	
		Host name:		Fogt number:
		193.29.90.99		2222 🛊
		gser name:	Eassword:	
		1027709_000001		
		Save +		Advanced
		1		

Fig. 10: Input screen required in order to log in to the CRE

Environment Directories	Protocol options	
- Recycle bin - Encryption - SFTP	SSH protocol version:	2 ~
Shell	Encryption options	
Connection Proxy	Encryption cipher selection golicy:	
Tunnel	AES ChaCha20 Blowfish	<u>Mp</u>
- Key exchange - Authentication Bugs Note	Biownsh 3DES warn below here Arcfour DES	Down
	Enable legacy use of single-QES in SSH-2	

Fig. 11 Enable compression for ssh transfer

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	? ×			
Environment	Bypass authentication entirely			
- Directories - Recycle bin	Authentication options			
Encryption	Attempt authentication using Pageant			
SFTP	Attempt 'keyboard-interactive' authentication			
Connection	Respond with a password to the first prompt			
Proxy	Attempt TIS or CryptoCard authentication (SSH-1)			
SSH	- Attempt (12 of Cryptocard authenocation (55H-1)			
Key exchange	Authentication parameters			
Authentication	Allow agent forwarding			
Bugs Note	Private key file:			
	N:\CRE\donya-vdkcm-public-V2.ppk			
	Display Public Key Tools 🔻			
	GSSAPI			
	Attempt GSSAPI authentication			
	Allow GSSAPI credential delegation			
	OK Cancel Help			

Fig. 12 Upload Public Key

•	Login	
🚅 New Site	Session	
100	File protocol:	
	SFTP	~
	Host name:	Port number:
	193.29.90.99	2222 🛊
	User name:	Password:
	1027709_000001	
	Save +	Advanced
	Landon Contra Bad	hannen and her sector en
	Manage 🔻 🚺 Login	-

Fig.13 Successful login to CRE member with WinSCP

After a successful login participant can use the full range of functionality of the CRE.

#### 4.2 MS Windows example using PSFTP

PSFTP belongs to PuTTY tools mentioned above. It provides command line SFTP client that uses PuTTY key format.

It offers script capabilities as well.

an putty	_ 🗆
C:\Program Files\putty>psftp -C -P 2222 -i ./cre_test_1_priv.ppk L93.29.90.67 Jsing username "1027709_000001". Unauthorized Access to this Network is prohibited ! Unerlaubter Zugriff zu diesem Netzwerk is verboten !	10277
Remote working directory is / psftp> psftp> psftp> psftp> psftp> quit	
C:\Program Files\putty>_	

Fig. 14: Successful login to CRE member section with PSFTP

#### 4.3 Troubleshooting and Debugging examples

If you have trouble connecting to the CRE contact your TKAM. It is necessary to have detailed information about what happened exactly, what the problem is including error messages and screenshots. SFTP provides a debug switch ( -vvv, see SSH manual page for details) which prints a detailed connection log into the standard output channel.

See the two most common errors as examples below.

#### 4.3.1 Error 1: No matching SSH key found

```
$ sftp -oPort=2222 -vvv 1027709@193.29.90.67
Connecting to 193.29.90.67...
OpenSSH 4.3p2, OpenSSL 0.9.8e-fips-rhel5 01 Jul 2008
debug1: Reading configuration data /root/.ssh/config
debug1: Reading configuration data /etc/ssh/ssh config
debug1: Applying options for *
debug2: ssh connect: needpriv 0
<--- SNIP --->
debug3: preferred gssapi-with-mic, publickey, keyboard-
interactive, password
debug3: authmethod lookup publickey
debug3: remaining preferred: keyboard-interactive, password
debug3: authmethod_is_enabled publickey
debug1: Next authentication method: publickey
debug1: Offering public key: first_name last_name (2010-10-11)
debug3: send pubkey test
debug2: we sent a publickey packet, wait for reply
debug1: Authentications that can continue: publickey
debug1: Offering public key: rsa-key-20110217
debug3: send pubkey test
debug2: we sent a publickey packet, wait for reply
debug1: Authentications that can continue: publickey
debug1: Offering public key: rsa-key-20101207
debug3: send pubkey test
debug2: we sent a publickey packet, wait for reply
Received disconnect from 193.29.90.67: Too many authentication
failures for 1027709 000001
Couldn't read packet: Connection reset by peer
```

```
4.3.2 Error 2: No key used at all
         $ sftp -oPort=2222 -vvv 1027709 000001@193.29.90.67
         Connecting to 193.29.90.67...
         OpenSSH 4.3p2, OpenSSL 0.9.8e-fips-rhel5 01 Jul 2008
         debug1: Reading configuration data /root/.ssh/config
         debug1: Reading configuration data /etc/ssh/ssh config
         debug1: Applying options for *
         debug2: ssh connect: needpriv 0
         <--- SNIP --->
         debug1: Authentications that can continue: publickey
         debug3: start over, passed a different list publickey
         debug3: preferred gssapi-with-mic, publickey, keyboard-
         interactive, password
         debug3: authmethod lookup publickey
         debug3: remaining preferred: keyboard-interactive, password
         debug3: authmethod is enabled publickey
         debug1: Next authentication method: publickey
         debug1: Offering public key: /root/.ssh/kdump_id rsa
         debug3: send pubkey test
         debug2: we sent a publickey packet, wait for reply
         debug1: Authentications that can continue: publickey
         debug1: Trying private key: /root/.ssh/id rsa
         debug3: no such identity: /root/.ssh/id rsa
         debug1: Trying private key: /root/.ssh/id rsa
         debug3: no such identity: /root/.ssh/id rsa
         debug2: we did not send a packet, disable method
         debug1: No more authentication methods to try.
         Permission denied (publickey).
         Couldn't read packet: Connection reset by peer
```

The complete command line switch overview may be found in the SFTP manual page. Be aware that no interactive session is possible (SCP), only SFTP service is supported. For troubleshooting with DBAG Group Client Services & Administration please be able to provide the above mentioned log/debug information via email and/or DBAG member section

#### 4.4 Retrieving reports and files

Participants may use the SFTP client of their choice to access the CRE's server. After successful login, participants will be able to access their reports and files either manually, i.e. by browsing through their folder(s) on the server, or by downloading them automatically via script.

In case a connection to the CRE is not possible or an existing connectivity got broken please do not try to login again in very short time intervals (i.e. several tries every few seconds) but rather wait a little while (a minute or more) and then try again. If you tried this for a few times and still no connection can be established, please contact DBAG Technical Support.

#### 4.5 Automated Download: Sample script

In order to provide an indication of the level of effort to be put into the programming of a script, a sample script for the widely used Bourne-again shell (bash) is provided below:

```
#! /bin/bash
  if [ $# -ne 6 ]; then
      echo
      echo "Usage:"
      echo "`basename $0 ` <ssh key file> <sftp user> <CRE node>
  <member id> <environment> <market>"
      echo
      exit 15
  fi
keyfile=$1
user=$2
node=$3
member id=` echo -n $4 |tr -s [:upper:] [:lower:]`
env=`echo -n $5 |tr -s [:lower:] [:upper:]`
market=`echo -n $6 |tr -s [:upper:] [:lower:]`
sftp=/usr/bin/sftp
echo=""
date=`date +%Y%m%d`
echo "
    cd $member id/$env/$market
   get "$date"*
    exit " | $sftp -C -i $keyfile -b - $user@$node
```

Please keep in mind that this script has been kept simple and universal. It may need customization to meet individual requirements.

Since this is an example for an operating system running a bash shell, please note the WinSCP is also capable of scripting and automated job processing on MS Windows.

## 5 Structures and naming conventions

#### 5.1 Directory structure in the CRE private member area

After a successful login, the user is placed to the chrooted file system root (/) - the home directory. A user will not be able to access any files outside his home directory and sub-directories. A business partner home directory may look like the sample below (user view).

Example 1	Example 2
/	pakfr
+abcex	+AS
¦ +₽	
¦ ¦ +eurex	+P
	+xetra
¦ +S	¦ ¦ +date
+eurex	
+date	+xetra_ffm2
+abcfr	+date
+AS	1
	+S
+P	+xetra
+eurex	+date
¦ +date	
+S	+xetra_ffm2
+ccp	+date
¦ +date	
+eurex	
+date	
+xetra	
+date	

Fig 15: Examples of directory structure in member area.

The first level of directories is corresponding to the respective MemberID configured, followed by the environment (second directory level) and the market and date, where:

- AS=Advanced Simulation (Available only for Eurex Repo)
- P=Production
- S=Simulation

In example 1, member ABCEX has been configured for the Eurex production and simulation, and ABCFR has simulation environments for Eurex and Xetra and CCP and the production environment for Eurex. In example 2, member PAKFR has been configured for the Xetra and Börse Frankfurt production environment and for the Xetra and Börse Frankfurt simulation environment. Please note that neither the directory structure nor access permissions can be manipulated by Deutsche Börse or the individual user. Access to member IDs, environments and markets is solely configured by the participant's Central Coordinator/ Technical User Administrator in the DBAG Member Section and "translated" into permissions for directories on the CRE.

Since CRE users will be restricted to read-only access to the CRE file system, file and directory operations will be limited to commands like cd, get, help, ls, pwd, etc. Any operation on directories or files within the file system that may incorporate or require manipulations to the file system content will not be permitted.

## 5.2 Directory structure in the CRE public area

In the public area, non-transactional and non-participant specific reports and files will be published. Therefore, a virtual participant directory "publi" is provided on the CRE. Participants can browse the virtual participant directory "publi" using the same authorisation mechanisms to access non-transactional and non-participant-specific reports and files. To access the public Area A, participants must use port 2221 instead of port 2222. To access the public Area B, participants must use port 2231 instead of port 2232.

#### Example 3

Fig 16: Examples of directory structure in public area.

For the CRE public section, the same directory structure is applicable as for the CRE participant area. Please refer to chapter 5.1 for further details about the directory structure.

## 6 Report and file naming conventions

The CRE has the following REGEX (regular expression) pattern as naming conventions:

```
[0-9]{2}[0-9A-Z]{8}[0-9A-Z]{5}[0-9]{8}[A-Z0-9\_-]{0,34}\.[A-Z]{3}
\.ZIP
```

Maximum length of a report file name is 64 characters!

The naming conventions in the CRE public area are the same as in the CRE member area, whereas all reports and files in the CRE public area will use the member ID PUBLI.

#### Versioning

In case a report or file needs to be corrected (due to inconsistencies, incompleteness or corrupted data) the original zip file name will be modified. A versioning indicator will be added with a convention of -V[0-9]{2}, starting with -V01 and maximum versions of -V99.

Please note: Report names will always be static. Delivery of a new version of a given report can only be observed with the help of the versioning indicator added to the name of the corresponding zip file.

Examples for reports or files:

Original version:	01RPTCI731PAKFR202103160900.XML.ZIP
1st correction:	01RPTCI731PAKFR202103161000-V01.XML.ZIP
2 <sup>nd</sup> correction:	01RPTCI731PAKFR202103161000-V02.XML.ZIP

[...]

Please note that the versioning indicator additionally applies to all report and file naming conventions for zip containers below.

## 6.1 General report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	i.e. 00 Eurex Prod
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTTC540
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-ZO-9\_\-]{0,34}	Flexindicator 1	Optional
	Flexindicator 2	Optional
	Timestamp	Optional
	Sequence number	Optional
		Optional
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP, PDF.ZIP

Depending on the market the optional Flexindicator 1 and 2 have various meanings.

Flexindicator 1 and 2, timestamp, sequence number and possible future enhancements are optional. Depending on the type of report they may remain empty.

#### Compression:

Reports and Files are provided in a compressed format. Compressed reports and files can be identified by the respective suffix. Depending on the market, the suffixes comprise:

Description	Suffix	Example
ZIP Format	(.ZIP)	(FILRDF for Eurex or Xetra)
Compressed text format	(.TXT.ZIP)	(CB001 for Eurex)
Compressed XML format	(.XML.ZIP)	(CB001 for Eurex)

#### 6.1.1 Derivatives Markets report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	00,01 (Prod, Simu Eurex Clearing) 90, 95 (Prod, Simu Eurex Trading)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTTC540
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Flexindicator 1	Only for 00 and 01: Eurex Clearing Member Id
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	intraday/end of day identifier
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 3	Exchange MIC Code
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP, PDF.ZIP

Example Eurex Clearing report Prod: Example Eurex Clearing report Simu: 00RPTCC755GDBXX20210319GDBXX.TXT.ZIP 01RPTCC755GDBXX20210319GDBXX.TXT.ZIP

Example Eurex T7 Trading report Prod: Example Eurex T7 Trading report Simu: 90RPTRD125DGBXX20210319.TXT.ZIP 95RPTRD125DGBXX20210319.TXT.ZIP

Current list of valid Xetra MIC codes:	
XEUR	Eurex
XEEE	Energy Exchange

#### 6.1.2 Cash Markets report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	51, 52 (Xetra T7 Prod, Simu) 61, 62 (Börse Frankfurt T7 Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTTC810
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	MIC Code
[A-ZO-9]{2}	Flexindicator 2	T7 Indicator
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example Xetra T7 report Prod: Example Xetra T7 report Simu: 51RPTCB068GDBXX20210319XETRT7.TXT.ZIP 52RPTCB068GDBXX20210319XETRT7.TXT.ZIP

Example Börse Frankfurt T7 report Prod: Example Börse Frankfurt T7 report Simu: 61RPTCB068GDBXX20210319XFRAT7.TXT.ZIP 62RPTCB068GDBXX20210319XFRA7.TXT.ZIP

Current list of valid Xetra MIC codes for Xetra T7:		
XETR	Xetra Frankfurt	
XMAL	Xetra Malta	
XBUL	Xetra Bulgaria	
XFRA	Börse Frankfurt	

#### 6.1.3 CCP (C7 SCS) report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	20, 21(Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTCE270
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[0-9]{2}	Flexindicator 1	settlement/continuous run number
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Flexindicator 2	CCP reporting run type
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example CCP report Prod: 20RPTCC745GDBXX20210319GDBXX.TXT.ZIP Example CCP report Simu: 21RPTCC711GDBXX20210319GDBXX.TXT.ZIP

Example C7 SCS report Prod: 20RPTCE897ABCFR20201013.XML.ZIP Example C7 SCS report Simu: 21RPTCE897ABCFR20201013.XML.ZIP

#### 6.1.4 Eurex Repo report naming conventions private area

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	14, 15, 19 (Prod, Simu, Advanced Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTMTX01
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[0-9]{2}	Counter	01
[0-9 A-Z]{8}	Extract Name	The extract name provided by the member, filled with trailing zeros to the 7th character.
		8th character is "S" for scheduled extract or "N" for Run Now.
[0-9 A-Z]{5}	Segment	e.g. GCP00
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, XLS.ZIP

Example Eurex Repo report Prod: Example Eurex Repo report Simu: 14RPTMTX01002XX2019032813GCP00L0SGCP00.XLS.ZIP 15RPTMTX01002XX2019032813GCP00L0SGCP00.XLS.ZIP

#### 6.1.5 Eurex Repo report naming convention public area

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	14, 15 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	File name	RPTEAS01
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	PUBLI
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[0-9A-Z\_\-]{0,34}	Flexindicator 1	Report Group definition: "GCPOO" (GCP Baskets) "REPOM" (REPO Baskets)
	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example Eurex Repo file Prod: 14RPTEAS01PUBLIYYYYMMDDGCP00.CSV.ZIP 14RPTEAS02PUBLIYYYYMMDDREP0M.CSV.ZIP

Example Eurex Repo file Simu: 15RPTEAS01PUBLIYYYMMDDGCP00.CSV.ZIP 15RPTEAS02PUBLIYYYMMDDREP0M.CSV.ZIP

#### 6.1.6 EurexOTC Clear and Eurex Risk Operation report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	OTC Clear:
		84, 85 (EurexOTC Prod, Simu)
		Risk Operation:
		00, 01 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTCB202
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. GDBXX
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[0-9]{6}	Flexindicator 1	Time HHMMSS, used only for intraday reports
[0-9]{0,10}	Flexindicator 2	unique identifier (trade id)
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}	Extension for compressed reports	TXT.ZIP, CSV.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example EurexOTC end-of-day report Prod: 84RPTCB202GDBXX20210319.XML.ZIP

Example EurexOTC intraday report Prod: 84RPTCI205GDBXX20210319105934.XML.ZIP

Example EurexOTC end-of-day report Simu: 85RPTCB202GDBXX20210319.XML.ZIP

Example EurexOTC intraday report Simu: 85RPTCI205GDBXX20210319105934.XML.ZIP

#### 6.1.7 Regulatory Reporting Hub report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	10, 16 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTTRXnn
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. GDBRH
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
n.a.	Flexindicator 1	n.a.
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP

Example Regulatory Reporting Hub report Prod: 10RPTTRD06GDBRH20210319.CSV.ZIP Example Regulatory Reporting Hub report Simu: 16RPTTRX04GDBRH20210319.CSV.ZIP

For X equals: D = daily / W = weekly / M = monthly / Q = quarterly / Y = yearlyPlease Note: Regulatory Reporting Hub zipped report-files may contain more than one report!

#### 6.1.8 Buy-In Agent report naming convention

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	04, 05 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTBIxxx
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. GDBXX
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
n.a.	Flexindicator 1	n.a.
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, XML.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, PDF.ZIP

Example Buy-In Agent report Prod: 04RPTBI000MEMIDYYYYMMDD.PDF.ZIP Example Buy-In Agent report Simu: 05RPTBI000MEMIDYYYYMMDD.PDF.ZIP

#### 6.2 General file naming conventions

Files, such as theoretical price files in Eurex or instrument reference data files are called nontransactional reports.

The naming conventions for nontransactional reports are slightly different from report naming conventions.

#### 6.2.1 T7 Derivatives Markets file naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	90, 95 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Filename	i.e.
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PUBLI
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	intraday/end of day identifier
n.a.	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example Eurex Trading file Prod: 90FILTRFCPPUBLI20210316XEUR.CSV.ZIP Example Eurex Trading file Simu: 95FILTRFCPPUBLI20210316XEUR.CSV.ZIP

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	90, 95 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. FILRDF01
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	PUBLI
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	MIC Code
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Timestamp	UTC second of the year when the initial file (sequence number 000) created, base36 encoded
[0-9]{3}	Sequence number	000 – 999
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	extension for compressed files	XML.ZIP

#### 6.2.2 T7 Derivatives Markets Reference Data File (RDF) naming conventions in public area

Example Eurex RDF Prod: 90FILRDF01PUBLI20210316XEUR3SY6F000.XML.ZIP Example Eurex RDF Simu: 95FILRDF01PUBLI20210316XEUR3SY6F000.XML.ZIP

Example EEX RDF Prod: 90FILRDF01PUBLI20210316XEEE3SY68001.XML.ZIP Example EEX RDF Simu: 95FILRDF01PUBLI20210316XEEE3SY68001.XML.ZIP

#### 6.2.3 T7 Xetra file naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	51, 52 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Filename	i.e. FILLE01
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PUBLI
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	n.a.
n.a.	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example Xetra T7 file Prod: 51FILLEI01PUBLI20210319.CSV.ZIP Example Xetra T7 file Simu: 52FILLEI01PUBLI20210319.CSV.ZIP

#### 6.2.4 T7 Xetra Reference Data File (RDF) naming conventions in public area

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	51, 52 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name and ID	FILRDF01(dynamic) FILRDF02 (static)
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	PUBLI
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	MIC Code
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Timestamp	UTC second of the year when the initial file (sequence number 000) was created, base36 encoded
[0-9]{3}	Sequence number	000
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	extension for compressed files	XML.ZIP

# Example Xetra T7 RDF Prod: 51FILRDF01PUBLI20131218XETR30SKW000.XML 51FILRDF02PUBLI20131218XETR.ZIP

# Example Xetra T7 RDF Simu: 52FILRDF01PUBLI20131218XETR30SKW000.XML 52FILRDF02PUBLI20131218XETR.ZIP

Current list of valid Xetra MIC codes for Xetra T7:		
XETR	Xetra Frankfurt	
XMAL	Xetra Malta	
XBUL	Xetra Bulgaria	

#### 6.2.5 T7 Börse Frankfurt file naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	61, 62 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Filename	i.e. FILLE01
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PUBLI
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	n.a.
n.a.	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
١.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example Xetra T7 file Prod: 61FILLEI01PUBLI20210319.CSV.ZIP Example Xetra T7 file Simu: 62FILLEI01PUBLI20210319.CSV.ZIP

#### 6.2.6 T7 Börse Frankfurt and Börse Frankfurt Zertifikate Reference Data

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	61, 62 (Prod, Simu)
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name and ID	FILRDF02 (static) FILRDF01 (BF+BFZ, intraday)* FILRDF03 (BF) FILRDF04 (BFZ) FILRDF05 (BFZ BALFR) FILRDF06 (BFZ ICFFR)
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	PUBLI
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	MIC Code
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Timestamp	UTC second of the year when the initial file (sequence number 000) was created, base36 encoded
[0-9]{3}	Sequence number	000
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	extension for compressed files	XML.ZIP CSV.ZIP

\*Please note: Only the RDF01 incremental file will list potentially changed instrument attributes.

Example T7 Börse Frankfurt RDF Prod: 61FILRDF02PUBLI20190506XFRA.ZIP 61FILRDF01PUBLI20190506XFRA6CMHD000.XML.ZIP 61FILRDF01PUBLI20190506XFRA6CMHD000.CVS.ZIP

Example T7 Börse Frankfurt RDF Simu: 62FILRDF02PUBLI20190506XFRA.ZIP 62FILRDF01PUBLI20190506XFRA6CMHD000.XML.ZIP 62FILRDF01PUBLI20190506XFRA6CMHD000.CVS.ZIP

#### 6.2.7 CCP (C7 SCS) file naming conventions

Field	Meaning Remark		
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID 20, 21 (Prod, Simu)		
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Filename i.e. FPICTHEC		
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID i.e. PAKFR		
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD	
n.a.	Flexindicator 1 n.a.		
n.a.	Flexindicator 2	n.a.	
\.	Dot		
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZI		

Example CCP theoretical price file Prod: 20FPICTHEBPUBLI20210319.TXT.ZIP Example CCP theoretical price file Simu: 21FPICTHEBPUBLI20210319.TXT.ZIP

#### 6.2.8 Eurex Clearing Prisma file naming conventions in public area

Field	Meaning Remark		
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID 00, 01 (Prod, Simu)		
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name i.e. FILTHEOI		
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	PUBLI	
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD	
[0-9A-Z\_\-]{0,34}	Flexindicator 1 <file_type> <version></version></file_type>		
	Flexindicator 2	<tech_split_ident></tech_split_ident>	
		<max_split_tech></max_split_tech>	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP	

Examples Open interest theoretical price file Prod: 00FILTHE0IPUBLI20210319EEXCNIE0DX01 01.TXT.ZIP

Examples Open interest theoretical price file Simu: 01FILTHEOIPUBLI20210319EEXCNIEODX01\_01.TXT.ZIP

Examples of Other files (End of day, no technical split needed) Prod: 00FILFOREXPUBLI20170807EUXCEODX.TXT.ZIP 00FILRIMECPUBLI20170807EUXCEODX.TXT.ZIP

Examples of Other files (End of day, no technical split needed) Simu: 01FILFOREXPUBLI20170807EUXCEODX.TXT.ZIP 01FILRIMECPUBLI20170807EUXCEODX.TXT.ZIP

#### 6.2.9 Eurex Clearing Prisma file naming conventions for member specific files

Field	Meaning	Remark	
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID 00, 01 (Prod, Simu)		
[0-9A-Z]{8}	File name i.e. FILTHEOI		
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR	
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD	
[0-9A-Z\_\-]{0,34}	Flexindicator 1 <clgmember_id> <version></version></clgmember_id>		
	Flexindicator 2	<tech_split_ident> - <max_split_tech></max_split_tech></tech_split_ident>	
\.	Dot		
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.Z		

Example: Open interest theoretical price files intraday Prod: 00FILTHEOIGDBXX20210319CBKFREUXCSODX01\_01.TXT.ZIP

Example: Open interest theoretical price files intraday Simu: 01ILTHEOIGDBXX20210319CBKFREUXCS0DX01\_01.TXT.ZIP

Example: Open interest theoretical price files EOD Prod: 00FILTHEOGDBXX20210319CBKFREUXCEODX01\_01.TXT.ZIP

Example: Open interest theoretical price files EOD Simu: 01FILTHEOIGDBXX0210319CBKFREUXCEODX01\_01.TXT.ZIP

#### 6.2.10 Regulatory Reporting Eurex and FWB (non-MIFIR reporting, short code and algoID upload)

Field	Meaning	Remark	
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	88, 89 (Prod Simu)	
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report Name	TVFBK001	
		TVBKU001	
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID ABCLO		
[0-9]{8}	Trading Date YYYYMMDD		
[0-9A-Z]{4}	MIC	XEUR, XETR, XFRA	
[0-9A-Z]{3}	File type .CSV		

Non-MiFIR reporting Feedback file to upload file Prod: 88TVFBK001ABCL020210216XEUR.CSV Non-MiFIR reporting Feedback file to upload file Simu: 89TVFBK001ABCL020210216XEUR.CSV

Non-MiFIR reporting Feedback File after Backup Enrichment Prod: 88TVBKU001ABCL020210216XEUR.CSV

Non-MiFIR reporting Feedback File after Backup Enrichment Prod: 89TVBKU001ABCL020210216XEUR.CSV

#### 6.3 Corrupted reports and files

A report or file not following the naming conventions might be corrupt. Occurrence of such reports should be reported to Deutsche Börse AG Group Client Key Account Management Example for a corrupted report: 01RPTTA111PAKFR20120301GDBXX.TXT.ZIP\_INC

#### 6.4 Report availability

Scripts fetching reports automatically from the servers should be configured accordingly in a given time frame (please see website <u>https://deutsche-boerse.com/dbg-en/products-services/ps-technology/service-status</u>). The CRE servers will run 24/7 with the following exceptions: A few downtimes per year for general hardware maintenance, typically during Saturdays/Sundays. Nevertheless, permanent session log in is not supported. Regular member database software maintenance is executed from Monday to Friday at about 10.45 pm to 11.30 pm (key importing). If necessary, additional software maintenance runs will take place especially on weekends. After each maintenance run a new login needs to be performed.

Deutsche Börse reserves the right to introduce technical limitations on the number of requests allowed per timeframe and business partner, if necessary. It is recommended to keep an interval of at least 1 or 2 minutes between individual connection attempts to the CRE.

#### 6.5 Historical reports: Restore directory

A new 'restore' directory can be created on the business day directory level of the member area. This directory is created and populated if participants manually order the retransmission of historical files and reports that are no longer available on the CRE.

As usual ordering of historical reports needs to be arranged with the help of <u>cts@deutsche-boerse.com</u> It will also be created and populated with reports or files that outdate the history-keeping period. An existing 'restore' directory will also be available for a minimum of 10 business days.

We recommend downloading and safe the reports since it is a paid service to restore reports older than 10 business days.

#### 6.6 Streamlined EOL encoding

All reports and files available on the CRE will use a carriage return line feed character <CRLF> as line separator.

#### 7 Appendix A

See examples of log file / output of successful connections to the CRE below.

#### 7.1 Example of successful WinSCP connection log file

```
Debug level 1 is set:
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 -----
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 WinSCP Version 4.3.2 (Build 1201) (OS 5.2.3790
Service Pack 2)
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Login time: Wednesday, August 01, 2012 1:27:08 PM
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 -----
_____
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Session name: 1027709 000001@193.29.90.67
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Host name: 193.29.90.67 (Port: 2222)
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 User name: 1027709 000001 (Password: No, Key
file: Yes)
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Tunnel: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Transfer Protocol: SFTP
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Ping type: -, Ping interval: 30 sec; Timeout: 15
sec
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Proxy: none
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 SSH protocol version: 2; Compression: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Bypass authentication: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Try agent: Yes; Agent forwarding: No;
TIS/CryptoCard: No; KI: Yes; GSSAPI: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Ciphers: aes,blowfish,3des,WARN,arcfour,des;
Ssh2DES: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 SSH Bugs: -,-,-,-,-,-,-,-
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 SFTP Bugs: -,-
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Return code variable: Autodetect; Lookup user
groups: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Shell: default
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 EOL: 0, UTF: 2
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Clear aliases: Yes, Unset nat.vars: Yes, Resolve
symlinks: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 LS: ls -la, Ign LS warn: Yes, Scpl Comp: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Local directory: default, Remote directory: home,
Update: No, Cache: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Cache directory changes: Yes, Permanent: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 DST mode: 1
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 ------
       _____
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.358 Looking up host "193.29.90.67"
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.358 Connecting to 193.29.90.67 port 2222
```

. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.358 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.358 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Server version: SSH-2.0-OpenSSH 5.3 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 We believe remote version has SSH-2 ignore bug . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Using SSH protocol version 2 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 We claim version: SSH-2.0-WinSCP release 4.3.2 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Doing Diffie-Hellman group exchange . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.420 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.420 Doing Diffie-Hellman key exchange with hash SHA-1 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.639 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.639 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Host key fingerprint is: . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 ssh-rsa 2048 3b:c0:a4:8d:a2:a0:f7:2b:a1:2e:0c:b7:f4:02:9d:c7 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Initialised AES-256 SDCTR client->server encryption . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Initialised HMAC-SHA2 client->server MAC algorithm . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Initialised AES-256 SDCTR server->client encryption . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Initialised HMAC-SHA2 server->client MAC algorithm . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.014 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.014 Reading private key file "C:\Program Files\putty\cre test 1 priv.ppk" ! 2012-08-01 13:27:09.014 Using username "1027709 000001". . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.014 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.076 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Offered public key . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Offer of public key accepted ! 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Authenticating with public key "rsa-key-20110318" . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.514 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.670 Detected network event

. 2012-08-01 13:27:09.670 Access granted . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.670 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.873 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.873 Opened channel for session . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.873 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Started a shell/command . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 -----\_\_\_\_\_ . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Using SFTP protocol. . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Doing startup conversation with host. > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Type: SSH FXP INIT, Size: 5, Number: -1 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Sent 9 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Received 99 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Read 4 bytes (95 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Read 95 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Type: SSH FXP VERSION, Size: 95, Number: -1 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 SFTP version 3 negotiated. . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Unknown server extension posixrename@OpenSSH.com="1" . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Unknown server extension statvfs@OpenSSH.com="2" . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Unknown server extension fstatvfs@OpenSSH.com="2" . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 We believe the server has signed timestamps bug . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 We will use UTF-8 strings for status messages only . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Limiting packet size to OpenSSH sftp-server limit of 262148 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Getting current directory name. . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Getting real path for '.' > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH FXP REALPATH, Size: 10, Number: 1296 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Sent 14 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Received 27 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Read 4 bytes (23 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Read 23 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH\_FXP\_NAME, Size: 23, Number: 1296 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Real path is '/' . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Listing directory "/". > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH FXP OPENDIR, Size: 10, Number: 1547 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Sent 14 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer

. 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Received 17 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Read 4 bytes (13 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Read 13 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH FXP HANDLE, Size: 13, Number: 1547 > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH FXP READDIR, Size: 13, Number: 1804 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Sent 17 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Received 1903 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read 4 bytes (1899 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read 1899 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Type: SSH FXP NAME, Size: 1899, Number: 1804 > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Type: SSH FXP READDIR, Size: 13, Number: 2060 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Sent 17 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read file '.' from listing . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read file '...' from listing . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read file 'gdbxx' from listing . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Received 32 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read 4 bytes (28 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read 28 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Type: SSH FXP STATUS, Size: 28, Number: 2060 < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Status code: 1 > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Type: SSH FXP CLOSE, Size: 13, Number: 2308 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Sent 17 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Startup conversation with host finished. . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.311 Session upkeep . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.311 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.311 Received 28 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:14.498 Session upkeep . 2012-08-01 13:27:14.529 Closing connection. . 2012-08-01 13:27:14.529 Sending special code: 12 . 2012-08-01 13:27:14.529 Sent EOF message

# 8 Appendix C

### 8.1 Markets and markets included

CRE	Market	Environment	Included Market	MIC Code
	CCP	PRODUCTION	CCP SEC Lending	n.a.
		SIMULATION	CCP SEC Lending	n.a.
	Derivatives Markets	PRODUCTION	EUREX EEX OTC Clear	XEUR XEEE n.a
CRE area A		SIMULATION	EUREX EEX OTC Clear	XEUR XEEE n.a
	Cash Markets	PRODUCTION	XETRA MALTA SE BULGARIAN SE	XETR XMAL XBUL
		SIMULATION	XETRA MALTA SE BULGARIAN SE	XETR XMAL XBUL
	Börse Frankfurt	PRODUCTION	XETRA FFM2	XFRA
		SIMULATION	XETRA FFM2	XFRA
	Regulatory Reporting	PRODUCTION	RRH OTC Trade Reporting	n.a.
	Hub	SIMULATION	RRH OTC Trade Reporting	n.a.
	Eurex Repo	PRODUCTION	Eurex Repo	XEUP
CRE area B		SIMULATION	Eurex Repo	XEUP
	Eurex STS	PRODUCTION	BUY_IN_AGENT	n.a
		SIMULATION	BUY_IN_AGENT	n.a
	Reg. Rep. Eurex and FWB	PRODUCTION	mifid	XEUR, XETR, XFRA
		SIMULATION	mifid	XEUR, XETR, XFRA

Deutsche Börse AG Common Report Engine User Guide

#### 8.2 CRE Environment Number and Area

CRE AREA – <b>A</b>	CRE AREA – <b>B</b>
00 Eurex Clearing Production	04 Eurex STS Buy-In Agent Production
01 Eurex Clearing Simulation	05 Eurex STS Buy-In Agent Simulation
20 CCP Production	10 Regulatory Reporting Hub Production
21 CCP Simulation	16 Regulatory Reporting Hub Simulation
51 T7 Cash Market Production (Xetra)	14 Eurex Repo Production
52 T7 Cash Market Simulation (Xetra)	15 Eurex Repo Simulation
61 T7 Xetra FFM2 Production (Börse Frankfurt)	19 Eurex Repo Advanced Simulation
62 T7 Xetra FFM2 Simulation (Börse Frankfurt)	88 Reg. Rep. Eurex and FWB Production
84 Eurex OTC Production	89 Reg. Rep. Eurex and FWB Simulation
85 Eurex OTC Simulation	
90 T7 Derivatives Production (Eurex, EEX, T7/FX)	
95 T7 Derivatives Simulation (Eurex, EEX, T7/FX)	

#### 9

## Appendix D - Server host key for the CRE

#### ssh-rsa

 $\label{eq:spinor} AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAACAQDDYFfOKNFXSUDGNfAS8gUnv/IXNn4RIX3Oqi8dRGQiVJ3MqmHrwUsejNcrMOZSBin8IAb+y3eK5SqQNYgfSj3S+wcrUsIzB5R+Cd8LHqJXzDb3FM32lfOqHQQek6D555BqM8GzMhywwCu9tpzXKPS9MHvM8S/MEJ+TsoRd2JFC7t1DUKe5Y/f1e+sht3BFjt6hy6j5EZsvTLRNYVmHw+WtmZXCIYyRFxbcglVqo00reWFXtxh5Z+j3QGpTmfXjnj9JARvXhZgAbmVT2b4MaDrICk/dNsQhlcclfoukXvphPdQwWszxZ3XcqbxvIs01N0yeTJ01u1ntEpinNI7gWH68dfvcpRT6uv48o6SRbrX3n0wmh7sf0Dx3khBjLWKqfMYDgK8E4yEsh7E3iNJbBIpGpE0ZVLaDLiaxXZ3ZjqyOPtQ2a9lfwvizS67F0GwdjXAReej4SmXf1ei3EqYb7tx05VplfRJtzdGUBqECf7l0H3zH6niUcR8Kr6XfMrEv1FPwTntIM82Gfj0/U3pbvnxilxdYv4aWz2i+tZ3a92ffXCGkGrheMXYmiWrUCD90I+zQ5a3AEdjeD0hJXaoAodqkoEMSn+mTFXYMfKXUtTgqnBsNZAIw3eiG4jiS7UVp7oemiHYm1XoZnSERswjrDWH+W/5aX50h5S4jHqFZjXMRIw==$ 

#### Fingerprint hashed with SHA-2:

n0wBgZcg2SSEqK0XYY/cU0ib0C4XoDVChfGi8tUdjgs

#### Fingerprint hashed with MD5:

8c:f4:cd:f2:48:30:64:01:04:75:24:47:bb:9d:a6

### 10 Appendix E

Links to actual Reports Reference Manuals and File descriptions

#### Eurex

Eurex T7 Release System Documentation – Reports www.eurex.com>Support>Initiatives & Releases>T7 Release X.X>Reports

Eurex C7 Release System Documentation – Reports www.eurex.com>Clear>Support>Initiatives & Releases>C7 Releases>C7 Release X.X>Reports

Eurex Clearing Prisma Release Documentation membersection.deutsche-boerse.com>Resources>Eurex Clearing>Documentation&File>Eurex Clearing Prisma>Release Documentation>Document and Circulars

Eurex OTC Report Documentation

www.membersection.deutsche-boerse.com>Resources>Eurex Clearing>Documentation&File>EurexOTC Clear>System Documentation>Reports

#### СС

www.eurex.com>Clear>Support>Initiatives & Releases>CCP Releases/ C7 SCS Releases

#### Xetra

Xetra T7 + Börse Frankfurt Instruments www.membersection.deutsche-boerse.com>Resources>Xetra Instruments>

Xetra + Börse Frankfurt T7 All Tradable Instruments www.xetra.com/Instrumente/All tradable instruments/

Xetra T7 Release System Documentation - Reports www.xetra.com>Technology>T7 Trading Architecture>System documentation>Release "X" >Reports